

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Recombinant Proteins with < 10% Acetonitrile

## **Section 1. Identification**

Product identifier : Recombinant Proteins with < 10% Acetonitrile

Product code : Not available.

Other means of : Not available.

identification

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Research.

**Area of application** : Industrial applications.

Manufacturer : BioLegend Inc.

8999 BioLegend Way San Diego, CA 92121 – USA

Tel: +1-858-455-9588 (7:00AM – 5:00PM PT, M-F)

Supplier's details : RSM Australia Pty Ltd – On Behalf of BioLegend, Inc.

Level 21, 55 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3000 PO Box 248, Collins Street West VIC 8007

Phone: +61 (0) 3 9286 8040 Fax: +61 (0) 3 9286 8199

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: cs@biolegend.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

operation)

: +61 (0) 3 9286 8040 (24 hours)

# Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: H226

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : WARNING

**Hazard statements**: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

**Precautionary statements** 

## Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

**Prevention** : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.

P242 - Use non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.

Response : Not applicable.

: P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Storage

**Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not : None known.

result in classification

## Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of identification

Eye contact

: Not available.

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
acetonitrile	<10	75-05-8

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

> If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person

may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse.

Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

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## Section 4. First aid measures

### Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

## See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides hydrogen cyanide

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Hazchem code : •3Y

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### **Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
acetonitrile	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019).  Absorbed through skin.  STEL: 101 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 67 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 40 ppm 8 hours.	

### Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### **Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the layatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

#### **Skin protection**

## Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

### **Hand protection**

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid. [Clear solution.]

Colour : None.

Odour : Ether-like. [Slight]
Odour threshold : Not available.

pH : 2.14

Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point, initial boiling : Not available.

point, and boiling range

Flash point : Closed cup: 30°C (86°F)

Evaporation rate: Not available.Flammability: Not available.Lower and upper explosion: Not available.

limit/flammability limit

Vapour pressure

 Vapour Pressure at 20°C
 Vapour pressure at 50°C

 Ingredient name
 kPa
 Method
 mm
 kPa
 Method

 water
 23.8
 3.2
 92.258
 12.3

Relative vapour density

Relative density : Not available.
Solubility : Not available.

Not available.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

: Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. : Not available.

**Viscosity** Flow time (ISO 2431)

: Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size

: Not applicable.

**Additional information** 

Physical/chemical properties comments : No additional information.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** 

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Avoid high temperatures. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
acetonitrile	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	17100 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	980 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2460 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
acetonitrile	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 uL	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

### **Conclusion/Summary**

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Skin : Not available. : Not available. **Eyes** : Not available. Respiratory

**Sensitisation** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : Not available. Respiratory : Not available.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available. Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

**Aspiration hazard** 

Not available.

of exposure

Information on likely routes : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation **Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

: No specific data. Eye contact : No specific data. Inhalation **Skin contact** : No specific data. Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Recombinant Proteins with < 10% Acetonitrile acetonitrile	6309.9	13881.9	215800.1	N/A	N/A
	500	1100	17100	N/A	N/A

# **Section 12. Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
acetonitrile	Acute IC50 3685000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 3600000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 1000000 μg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1000000 μg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 160000 μg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas Aquatic plants - Lemna minor Daphnia - Daphnia magna	96 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
acetonitrile	OECD 301C Ready Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (I)	65 % - Readily - 28 days	-	Activated sludge

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
acetonitrile	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

## **Section 12. Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
acetonitrile	-0.34	-	low

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **Section 14. Transport information**

	ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (acetonitrile)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (acetonitrile)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (acetonitrile)	Flammable liquid, n.o. s. (acetonitrile)
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

**ADG** 

: <u>Hazchem code</u> •3Y <u>Special provisions</u> 223, 274

## **Section 14. Transport information**

ADR/RID : Hazard identification number 30

**Limited quantity** 5 L

Special provisions 274, 601

Tunnel code (D/E)

**IMDG** : Emergency schedules F-E, S-E

Special provisions 223, 274, 955

: **Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions: **IATA** 

355. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited Quantities -

Passenger Aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344.

**Special provisions** A3

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Not regulated.

**Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances** 

No listed substance

**Australia inventory (AIIC)** : Not determined.

**International regulations** 

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

## Section 16. Any other relevant information

**History** 

Date of issue/Date of : 18/11/2021

revision

: No previous validation Date of previous issue

Version

: Sphera Solutions Prepared by

## Section 16. Any other relevant information

### **Key to abbreviations**

: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons

UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data

#### References

: Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011, as ammended

Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals, Code of Practice, Safe

Work Australia

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG),

**National Transport Commission** 

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.