

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Fixation Buffer** 

# Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Fixation Buffer
Product code	: N/A
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Research.
Area of application	: Industrial applications.
Supplier/Manufacturer	: BioLegend Inc. 8999 BioLegend Way San Diego, CA 92121 – USA Tel: +1-858-455-9588 (7:00AM – 5:00PM PT, M-F)
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: cs@biolegend.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +1-858-455-9588 (7:00AM – 5:00PM PT, M-F)

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	
oonAnoo status	<ul> <li>This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).</li> </ul>
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>H332 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4</li> <li>H317 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1</li> <li>H341 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2</li> <li>H350 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A</li> </ul>
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: H332 - Harmful if inhaled. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H350 - May cause cancer. H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects.

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# Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
	P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
	P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.
	P272 (OSHA) - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	<ul> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.</li> <li>P304 + P340 + P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P302 + P352 + P363 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.</li> </ul>
Storage	: P405 - Store locked up.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Other means of	:	Not available.
identification		

Ingredient name	Other names	%	CAS number
Formaldehyde, solution	-	<5	50-00-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary	first a	aid measure	<u>s</u>				
Eye contact	:	eyelids. Ch			sionally lifting the upper and lower s. Continue to rinse for at least 10		
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for be is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appro or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irreg respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth re Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If u place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintair airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.					ppropriate rregular or ined persor h resuscita If unconso	mask if nnel. tion. cious,
Skin contact	:	Wash conta Continue to complaints	aminated clothing thoro rinse for at least 10 m	er. Remove contamina oughly with water before inutes. Get medical at ther exposure. Wash o	e removing it, tention. In the	or wear glo e event of a	any
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# Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tigh clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.			
Most important symptoms/	effects, acute and delayed			
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>			
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.			
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.			
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>ptoms</u>			
Eye contact	: No specific data.			
Inhalation	: No specific data.			
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness			
Ingestion	: No specific data.			
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>			
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.			
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.			

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

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# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures N I . . e. . .... <u>a</u> |.....

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

Protective measures	history of sk this product handle until a or on skin or adequate ve	opriate personal protect in sensitization problem is used. Avoid exposur all safety precautions ha clothing. Do not inges entilation. Wear approp original container or an	s should not be empl e - obtain special ins ave been read and u t. Avoid breathing va- riate respirator when	oyed in any proces tructions before us nderstood. Do not apor or mist. Use c ventilation is inade	s in which se. Do not get in eyes only with equate.
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# Section 7. Handling and storage

	material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
Formaldehyde, solution	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). Skin	
	sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.	
	C: 0.3 ppm	
	C: 0.37 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).	
	TWA: 0.75 ppm 8 hours.	
	STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes.	
	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).	
	TWA: 0.75 ppm 8 hours.	
	STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes.	
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).	
	TWA: 0.016 ppm 10 hours.	
	CEIL: 0.1 ppm 15 minutes.	
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).	
	TWA: 0.75 ppm 8 hours.	
	STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes.	

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Physical state	: Liquid. [Clear.]			
Color	: Colorless.			
Odor	: Not available.			
Odor threshold	: Not available.			
рН	: 7.2			
Melting point	: Not available.			
Boiling point	: Not available.			
Flash point	: Not available.			
Evaporation rate	: Not available.			
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable.			
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.			
Vapor pressure	: Not available.			
Vapor density	Not available.			
Relative density	: Not available.			
Density	: Not available.			
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### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Solubility	:	Not available.	
Solubility in water	1	Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	
SADT	:	Not available.	
Viscosity	:	Not available.	
Flow time (ISO 2431)	:	Not available.	

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Formaldehyde, solution	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit	578 mg/m³ 270 mg/kg 100 mg/kg	4 hours - -

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Formaldehyde, solution	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	750 Micrograms	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

### **Mutagenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Formaldehyde, solution	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	•••	Route of exposure	Target organs
Formaldehyde, solution	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral Dermal Inhalation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Information on the likely

Not available.

routes of exposure	Roules of entry anticipated. Oral, Dermal, Innalation.			
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>			
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.			
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.			
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Symptoms related to the p	hysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics			
Eye contact	: No specific data.			
Inhalation	: No specific data.			
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	irritation		
Ingestion	No specific data.			
Delayed and immediate ef	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure			
<u>Short term exposure</u>				
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.			
Long term exposure				
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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>'S</u>
Not available.	
General	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
Teratogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	2598 mg/kg
	7014.6 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	15.02 mg/l

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Formaldehyde, solution	Acute EC50 3.48 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 12.98 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 5800 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.41 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Formaldehyde, solution	OECD 301A Ready Biodegradability - DOC Die-Away Test	99 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

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Fixation Buffer

# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Formaldehyde, solution	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Formaldehyde, solution	0.35	-	low

<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some
	that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #		Reference number
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	Listed	U122

# Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class (es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
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Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-

Transport in bulk	1	Not available.
according to Annex II of		
MARPOL and the IBC Code		

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Formaldehyde, solution Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: Formaldehyde, solution
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
<u>SARA 302/304</u>	
Composition/information	n ingredients

# Section 15. Regulatory information

			SARA 302	TPQ	SARA 304	RQ
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Formaldehyde, solution sodium azide	<5 ≤0.1	Yes. Yes.	500 500	73.9 -	100 1000	14.8 -

SARA 304 RQ

: 2500 lbs / 1135 kg

SARA 311/312

Classification

: Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	hazard	Sudden release of pressure		Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Formaldehyde, solution	<5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

#### SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Formaldehyde, solution	50-00-0	<5
Supplier notification	Formaldehyde, solution	50-00-0	<5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### State regulations Massachusetts

: The following components are listed: FORMALDEHYDE; FORMALIN

**New York** 

: The following components are listed: Formaldehyde

New Jersey

: The following components are listed: FORMALDEHYDE; FORMALIN

Pennsylvania

: The following components are listed: FORMALDEHYDE

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ingredient name	Cancer		level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Formaldehyde, solution	Yes.	No.	Yes.	-

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

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# Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341		Justification	
		Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method	
<u>History</u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
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Prepared by	: BioLegend		

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# Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: HCS (U.S.A.)- Hazard Communication Standard International transport regulations

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.